

# The Daily Republican.

VOL. XXIV. NO. 222.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1896.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

## SHALL IT BE WAR?

Views of Three Senators as to the Effect of the Committee Resolution Recognizing Cuba.

WHAT SHERMAN, MORGAN AND HALE SAY.

General Sentiment That the Recognition of the Independence of Cuba is No Cause for War With Us.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Senator Sherman was seen last night at his home on K Street. The senator was asked if he thought recognition of the independence of Cuba by the United States would lead to a war with Spain.

He replied: "I do not think that it would. I think that it would be a mistake to suppose that Spain would be so stupid as to go to war with the United States. I think that Spain would be wise enough to recognize the independence of Cuba."

Senator Morgan was also seen last night at his home on K Street. He was asked the same question as Senator Sherman.

He replied: "I think that it would be a mistake to suppose that Spain would be so stupid as to go to war with the United States. I think that Spain would be wise enough to recognize the independence of Cuba."

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## ATTACK A HOSPITAL

Spanish Troops Assail a Hospital Guard, Kill or Wound All, Then Kill the Sick.

PREMIER COSTELLO AS TO WAR.

London Newspapers on the Effect of Cuban Recognition—A London Club Wants Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight.

New York, Dec. 19.—The World's Telegram and Sun special says Commander Valez and 300 Spanish guerrillas attacked the Cuban hospital at Yaguajay, Dec. 6. The place was protected by a small garrison. They made an heroic defense but could not withstand the Spaniards who broke in and killed all the sick, twenty in number and burned the house. The Cuban guard fought till every man was killed or wounded.

Paris, Dec. 19.—The Journal's Madrid, quotes Premier Costello as saying: "Spain is firmly resolved not to draw the sword against the United States except in case of positive insult, and expressing the belief that Cleveland and McKinley will refuse to sanction the resolution which is calculated to make war inevitable."

Views of London Papers.

London, Dec. 19.—The afternoon papers comment in various strains on the trouble between the United States and Spain. The News thinks the passage of the Cameron resolutions would result in a declaration of war by Spain. The Sun is of the same opinion. The St. James Gazette urges Spain to remain calm and throw the odium of aggression on the other side, and adds that if Spain keeps quiet the United States will be in an awkward dilemma, having either to allow recognition to remain an empty demonstration or take effective measures. The Globe speaks of it as a Wall Street scare.

Want the Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight.

London, Dec. 19.—The Belling Brook club offers a purse of \$15,000 for the fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

American Federation of Labor.

Cincinnati, Dec. 19.—At the opening of the Federation of Labor this morning, a charter was granted to the American federation of musicians. Also an order for affiliation with the National Association of Electrical Workers and longshoremen in the seacoast was confirmed.

Many resolutions were offered and referred. At the request of the grievance committee, Ryan of St. Louis, president of the tinners' association, addressed the convention on the contest between the association of iron moulder and the tin, sheet iron and cornice workers.

A Harbor at Bethany.

The stranger who gave Officers Lilly and Leach quick action last evening for their salary, proves to be a barber who has a shop at Bethany. The fellow was landed in jail last night and today he got off with a \$3 fine. The barber says he was at Sullivan yesterday where he took but one drink. That was all. After that he has no recollection whatever of anything else until he awoke in the Decatur jail this morning. He had bought a ticket at Sullivan for Bethany. He had it with him. Sullivan must put up a killing quality of whiskey.

Ball Found Dead.

C. C. Ball, assistant city ticket agent of the Wabash railway at St. Louis, was found dead in bed in his home, 3229 Morgan, Friday afternoon. Ball was about 40 and married. Though the indications bear that attending suicide, his friends do not entertain the view that death was other than natural. Ball was a native of Ohio, and before identifying himself with the Wabash was with the Lake Shore road in Chicago.

Fire at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Dec. 19.—Early this morning a fire started in the Ryan hotel annex and before it could be extinguished the annex was damaged \$75,000. The Schutte block adjoining was destroyed. The loss was \$100,000. Later the Northern Exchange bank and a large number of offices whose losses bring the total up to \$309,000, were burned.

Choctaws Sign a Treaty.

Millsage, I. T., Dec. 19.—The Choctaw commission signed the treaty with the Dawes commission providing for the allotment of lands, and town sites. They reserve the coal fields for the Choctaw schools and the relinquishment of the tribal government within eight years.

American Stocks in London.

London, Dec. 19.—Sympathy with New York made stocks weak, the recessions extending to three points in some American stocks and one-half in Spanish securities. There is no excitement, however, and a part recovery soon followed.

Wool Growers May Misch.

Rochester, N. Y., Dec. 19.—A bill has been introduced for a meeting of the wool growers and sheep raisers' association of the United States as met in Washington Jan.

Weather Probable.

## FUNERAL OF MRS. NOWLIN.

Burial Near the Blue Ridge Church—The Services.

THE EXECUTIVE WILL DISREGARD IT.

Contains That Its Passage Would Raise Hopes That Would Not Be Realized and Might Endanger Life and Property.

The funeral of Mrs. Jane S. Nowlin, wife of J. B. Nowlin, of West King street, this city, who died at the home of her son, Cortez Nowlin, in Austin township, on Dec. 16, after a week's illness, took place this afternoon from the Blue Ridge church, in Austin township, Rev. Z. T. Hatfield of the U. B. church, officiating.

It was on Dec. 9 that the daughter of the deceased, Mrs. Clarence F. Emery, was called from this life, and the anxious care during her daughter's sickness and the terrible blow inflicted at her death, was more than Mrs. Nowlin could bear. She was unable to leave the house at the time of her daughter's funeral last Saturday, and was taken to the home of her son, and was given the best of care and medical attention, but she gradually grew weaker until her spirit took its flight.

Miss Jane Sykes was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, where her early life was spent. She moved with her parents to Dearborn county, Indiana, and there became acquainted with Jonathan B. Nowlin, to whom she was united in marriage, August 30, 1862. Shortly afterwards Mr. Nowlin joined the Union army and fought through the civil war. In March, 1867, the family moved to Morgan county, Illinois, where they resided until March, 1874, when they moved to Austin township, Macon county. Here they bought a farm and resided until a short time ago when they moved to Decatur. They resided from the farm last spring and in May started on an overland trip in a buggy to Indiana and Ohio to visit the scenes of their younger days. They remained about four months, and both Mr. and Mrs. Nowlin were of the opinion that the trip was beneficial to them. After visiting among their children a few weeks they moved to Decatur and were just becoming settled in their new home when it was broken up by death. Mrs. Nowlin was a devoted wife and mother and her life was pure and upright.

She had long been a consistent member of the United Brethren church. Mrs. Nowlin was the mother of nine children, five of whom, with a sorrowing husband, are left to mourn her death.

LAKE CITY SENSATION.

Singular Actions of A. B. Lynn, the School Principal.

Sullivan News: The usually quiet village of Lake City was thrown into a high state of excitement Monday by the announcement that A. B. Lynn, principal of the schools, had unexpectedly left town and was then on his way to California. He taught school Friday as usual and Saturday stated that he was going to Bethany to visit relatives; instead of this he took the train for St. Louis where he mailed a letter to his brother at Bethany stating that he was on his way to California and did not expect to return. He gave no reason for his strange action and the people at Lake City as well as his friends throughout the county are at a loss to account for his sudden departure.

He had taught the Lake City school several terms and ranked as one of the foremost teachers in the county, taking an active part in the annual institutes and seemingly well satisfied with the progress he was making in his profession. He had experienced considerable trouble in a domestic way, having buried two wives and five children. It is said that several merchants at Lovington and Lake City had small accounts against him that they were making an effort to collect.

THE RAILWAY CASE.

The Whole Thing Will Be Taken to the Supreme Court.

The I. D. & W. railway case which has taken up Judge Vall's time in the circuit court this week is to be taken to the supreme court. Today Attorneys Smith and Miller for the organization and Attorney Crawford for the objectors were engaged in getting the records in shape to go to the higher court. There are several million dollars involved in the litigation and Mr. Crawford will contest the matter to the last.

Illinois Insurance Laws.

Information is received that a revision of the insurance laws of the state of Illinois is being prepared by one of the prominent members of the legislature, to which, it is said, many of the newly elected legislators are already pledged. Taken into consideration some of the proposed sections, this information, underwriters feel, is almost too good to be true. For instance, it is proposed to tax the companies 3 per cent on their net receipts, and out of the fund so created the office of fire marshal of the state shall be maintained. The surplus, if any, shall revert to the general fund of the state. It is also proposed to repeal the reciprocal laws of Illinois and to do away with the law compelling the companies to pay \$80 per annum for having their annual statements published in Chicago and Springfield papers for fourteen years each year. The present insurance laws on the statute books of the state were framed and passed in 1869, and have been amended many times since, until they present the appearance of patchwork. A thorough revision is necessary and would be welcomed by underwriters if carried on with any discretion.

New York Stocks.

New York, Dec. 19.—Stocks opened active; strong with advances all along the line. Burlington rose 1 1/2; St. Paul 1 1/2; others a fraction. Realizations by traders and drive against Manhattan caused general concessions. This, however, influenced the covering by shorts with the purchases of the long interest based on lack of apprehensions, and brought a rally, carrying the market to the highest of the morning session.

The next meeting of the Irrigation congress will be held at Lincoln, Neb. Dr. Clark Gayton of Lincoln was chosen a member of the executive committee.

## OLNEY'S OPPOSITION.

In Plain Language Announces the Opposition of the Administration to the Cuban Resolution.

THE EXECUTIVE WILL DISREGARD IT.

Contains That Its Passage Would Raise Hopes That Would Not Be Realized and Might Endanger Life and Property.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The Cameron Cuban resolution if pressed to a final passage in both houses will constitute a direct and formidable issue between the executive and legislative branches of the government. This is clearly indicated by the following interview, given out by Olney today. Secretary Olney being asked his opinion of the nature and effect of the proposed resolution recognizing the independence of the republic of Cuba said:

"I have no objection to stating my own views on the resolution respecting independence of the so-called republic of Cuba, which, it is reported will be laid before the senate Monday. Indeed, as there is likely to be serious misapprehension regarding such a resolution both in this country and abroad, and as such apprehensions may have an injurious duty of a grave character it is perhaps my duty to point out that the resolution, if passed by the senate, can probably be regarded only as an expression of opinion by the eminent gentlemen who vote for it in the senate, and if passed by the house of representatives can only be regarded as an expression of opinion by the eminent gentlemen who vote for it in the house. The power to recognize the so-called republic of Cuba, as an independent state rests exclusively with the executive. A resolution on the subject by the senate or house, or both, or one, whether concurrent or joint is inoperative as legislation and important only as advice of great weight voluntarily tendered the executive regarding the manner in which he shall exercise his constitutional functions. The operation and effect of the proposed resolution, therefore, even if passed by both houses of congress by a two-thirds vote is perfectly plain, and may raise expectations in some quarters which can never be realized. It may influence the popular passion of this country and elsewhere and thus put in peril the lives and property of American citizens, resident and traveling abroad, and certainly obstruct, perhaps defeat the best efforts of the government to afford such citizens due protection, but, except in those ways, and unless the advice embodied be reached, and officially declared, the resolution will be without effect and will leave unaltered the attitude of this government towards the two contending parties in Cuba."

Opinion as to Olney's Attitude.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The impression prevails here that Olney's statement was called out by a desire to minimize the danger of an outbreak in Spain by the excited populace which is perhaps more imminent than most people here realize. Nothing less than some such emergency, it is argued, would induce the secretary to depart so widely from the usual practice of refusing to comment publicly on our foreign relations, particularly during the absence of the president. Of course the latter is committed by the secretary's declaration to the view that congress has not constitutional authority to recognize the independence of Cuba for to abate anything of this assertion of power on his part would be construed as a repudiation of the action of the secretary and would probably cause a disruption of the cabinet. The records show no case that affords an exact parallel to this, for no where have the executive and congress directly differed and made an issue on a question of recognizing another nation. It has been tacitly admitted heretofore, and Olney contends that this is purely an executive function, that Cameron, the author of the resolution, it is understood has made an exhaustive study of the constitutional aspect of the matter and is fully convinced that congress has power to proceed along the line of his resolution. Of course it is understood that if the resolution passed Cleveland would veto it, then if it was passed over his veto, Olney clearly intimates he would pay no attention to it. It is difficult to see how this conflict can be resolved, or how the case could be even made up for submission to the supreme court, the arbiter of all questions of constitutionality; however, congress, if it come to that may achieve its end by declaring war, which is within its province exclusively.

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## SAD NEWS FOR SMOKERS.

All Grades of Havana Cigars to Advance in Price—War in Cuba.

THE EXECUTIVE WILL DISREGARD IT.

Contains That Its Passage Would Raise Hopes That Would Not Be Realized and Might Endanger Life and Property.

The price of Havana cigars will be advanced nearly 25 per cent the first week in January. All the big factories in Chicago and New York have agreed to put prices up and some have already done so. An advance of \$10 a thousand was announced by some dealers this week, and others have notified the trade that the limits of present prices will be January 1. This means that a man who is now paying 60 cents for three clear Havana cigars will have to pay 30 cents apiece for the same article, and that "two-for-a-quarter" brands will be 15 cents straight, while the common "three-fers" will be sold at two for 25 cents. Prices of the best Havana wrappers have advanced from \$2.50 a pound to \$4.50 and \$5, and brokers say they will be bringing \$6 before spring. Cigars that formerly sold at 75 cents are now eagerly picked up at \$1 to \$1.25. The big factories of the east have all the good Havana wrappers they can get hold of at the new prices, and these men say there is a great scarcity of first class wrappers in the United States.

Of course all the trouble is caused by the war in Cuba. There are only 135,000,000 of tobacco on the island now and as this amount is less than one-fourth of an average crop it will be seen there is some foundation for the "hard luck" stories told by manufacturers. They profess to believe that in case there should be trouble with the United States the Spaniards would promptly burn all the tobacco on the island to prevent it falling into the hands of Americans, and this would be practically the end of Havana cigars for a long time. Some factories are trying to make their Havana go as far as possible by mixing it with Ohio and Virginia tobacco, that costs less than one-tenth as much.

There is no likely to be any relief in the market before 1898. The Havana crop is planted in October and early November, and as the season for planting has now passed, with less seed in the ground than was ever known before, a full crop could not be raised before 1898 even if the war should end next year.

No satisfactory substitute for Havana tobacco has been found. There is a leaf grown in Mexico that comes nearest to it, but that is not nearly up to the mark. South America raises some good tobacco, but the amount is so small it cuts no figure in the general market. Ohio grows a leaf that looks like Havana more than any other, but it is worth only 60 cents a pound that is the best reason why it cannot be used in place of the genuine article.

BARBERS WANT LAW.

Both Associations Join Forces to Enforce the Passage of a Law.

The barbers of Chicago will meet at Washington Hall, 70 Adams street Sunday afternoon to discuss the provisions of a bill for the protection of their interests to be introduced in the general assembly this winter. Both organizations of barbers—the Barbers' Mutual Protective association, of which C. E. Morrison is president, and the Barbers' Protective association, of which Robert C. Hoy is president—have joined forces to do all they can to make the bill a law. The measure, which was prepared by Attorney Parnell for both associations, provides for the appointment of a state board of cosmetologists, whose business it will be to pass on all applicants who wish to engage in the barber business in Illinois. All applicants must have had two years' practical experience and must have a satisfactory knowledge of contagious blood and skin diseases. The bill makes provisions for granting licenses to apprentices, provides for the appointment of the examining board by the governor and for an annual registration fee for those engaged in the barber business.

Sale of Land for Building Lots.

Mrs. Sarah A. Ewing, widow of Rev. Fielding N. Ewing, has sold to Joseph Miel and A. G. Webber, a strip of ground 300x400 feet situated between Sugar and South Moore streets. It is the purpose of the purchasers to cut it up into lots with a frontage of fifty feet each, and place them on the market. Mrs. Ewing has also sold to Mr. Webber a tract of land embracing about five acres, for \$125. This land is irregular in shape and embraces that portion known as Limoklin Springs and faces the Sangamon river. The land which is to be divided into lots is covered with natural forest trees and the owners expect to find a ready sale for the property when it is placed on the market.

Tree at Antioch Baptist Church.

The Christmas tree exercises will take place on Thursday evening, Christmas eve, and we anticipate a grand time. Our tree will be mounted on a stump, movable, so that it can be moved about to any place it is wanted to be, anywhere in the house. It will stand alone. Come out and see our new patent and witness a grand time. All are cordially invited to come out and enjoy themselves. Committee.

Death Near Macon.

Mrs. O. H. Tietz died of consumption Friday morning, Dec. 19, at her home, five miles south of Decatur, aged 77 years. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence and the burial will be in the Macon cemetery.

The Heapsman.

Mrs. A. A. Heapsman, of Decatur, died of consumption Friday morning, Dec. 19, at her home, five miles south of Decatur, aged 77 years. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence and the burial will be in the Macon cemetery.

Harry S. Pierson, son of Dr. Pierson, is dead, aged 73 years.

## ROASTED ALIVE.

Grandparents Lose Their Lives Trying to Rescue a Grandchild From Flames.

HON. ROSEWELL P. HERR DEAD.

His Earthly Career Closed at 11 O'clock Last Night—Striking Dockers Vote to Continue Strike—Legion Cheer.

Ashtabula, Ohio, Dec. 18.—At 11 o'clock this morning Mr. and Mrs. Ashtabula were awakened by their neighbors who discovered the house on fire. They rushed out of the burning building but were unable to rescue a grandchild who was back to back to a stove and all three were burned to death.

EX-CONGRESSMAN HERR IS DEAD.

Well-Known Republican Campaigner Passes Away at Plainfield, N. J., from Bronchitis.

Plainfield, N. J., Dec. 19.—Ex-Congressman Roswell P. Herr died last night at 11 o'clock after an illness of two weeks with bronchitis and Bright's disease. Roswell O. Herr was born at Watrous, Vt., Nov. 30, 1830. When 4 years of age his parents moved to Lorain county, Ohio, where he passed his early years. He graduated at Antioch college in 1852 and the succeeding year was elected clerk to the court of common pleas of Lorain county, being re-elected in 1860. At the close of his term he was admitted to the bar, and practiced two years at Kirtland, Ohio. In the spring of 1868 he removed to Southern Missouri, where he was engaged in mining. Six years later he went to East Saginaw, Mich.

He was chosen a member of the Forty-sixth congress and was re-elected to the forty-seventh and forty-eighth congress. In 1890 he moved to Plainfield and became a member of the editorial staff of the New York Tribune, which position he has held ever since. His last office in Chicago was with W. H. Harvey, author of "Coin's Financial School," attracting much attention. When the Republican national campaign committee called for speakers last fall he was one of the first to respond and made over thirty speeches in the presidential campaign before he was taken ill with bronchitis.

The Dockers Vote to Strike On.

Hamburg, Dec. 19.—A ballot was taken today by the striking dockers and resulted 7265 in favor of continuance of the strike with 3671 against. The result was announced by the legion members in a rejoicing and was received with vociferous cheers.

Bouquet for Supt. Gastman.

During the ceremonies attending the presentation and unveiling of the white plaster bust of Superintendent Gastman yesterday afternoon, Mr. Gastman was presented with a very large and handsome bouquet of cut flowers with the compliments of the Linn & Searge dry goods and carpet company. Mr. Gastman was deeply grateful to the donors for the kindly remembrance, congratulations and good wishes, and in accepting the beautiful and sweetest fragrant testimonial he makes his protest, both to each and all, not forgetting those friends who gave expression to so many kind and generous words in reference to him and in praise of Decatur's temple of learning as the high school building yesterday.

Daughters of Rebekah.

Progress Degree Lodge, No. 141, Daughters of Rebekah, elected officers last night as follows:

N. G.—Mrs. Walter Liston.  
V. G.—Miss Jennie H. Taylor.  
Recording Secretary—Mrs. J. D. Smith.  
Financial Secretary—Mrs. A. Salter.  
Lodge Deputy—Mrs. J. A. Neave.  
Trustees—Mrs. Mary Bell, Mrs. Kazar, Mrs. H. Baldwin, Mrs. Kunkle, Mrs. Adam Swerth.

Captain of Degree Staff—W. A. Briggs.

Don't you know that we are again talking our bottled beer? Well, we are. Hereafter if you want a case of Pilsener or Extra Fine call up 84 or your order will be promptly filled. Our beer can also be had from our agents, A. Abrens.

Of course you want one of our "B" endures—just let us know. Decatur Brewing Company.

"Inside Track" To-Night.

The Hidden Comedy company had a large audience at the Grand last night when "The Westerner" was put on the stage in good shape, and the children made a big hit. Kittle Dalcomb the vivacious and captivating comedienne tonight the play will be the second comedy drama, "Inside Track." 10, 20 and 30c.

Funeral of Mrs. Pierson.

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V. G.—Miss Jennie H. Taylor.  
Recording Secretary—Mrs. J. D. Smith.  
Financial Secretary—Mrs. A. Salter.  
Lodge Deputy—Mrs. J. A. Neave.  
Trustees—Mrs. Mary Bell, Mrs. Kazar, Mrs. H. Baldwin, Mrs. Kunkle, Mrs. Adam Swerth.

Captain of Degree Staff—W. A. Briggs.

Don't you know that we are again talking our bottled beer? Well, we are. Hereafter if you want a case of Pilsener or Extra Fine call up 84 or your order will be promptly filled. Our beer can also be had from our agents, A. Abrens.

Of course you want one of our "B" endures—just let us know. Decatur Brewing Company.







ST. NIC  
CH  
South



**SHELLABARGER'S**  
**WHITE LOAF**  
PATENT  
DECATUR, ILLINOIS

**IN FREEDOM.**

A CYCLE TRYST.

Cynthia, each sunny day,  
On her cycle speeds away,  
Laughing cheerily, to stray  
Up the valley's winding way.  
Merry, careless, bright and gay,  
Blithe as a sylph or woodland fay,  
Idle nymph or woodland fay,  
As fair as sweet as budding May!

Rides she by the grand old tree  
In the forest's sequestered  
Content while alone to be  
Yonder, soon, an eye shall see  
Coming, with a woman's grace,  
Laughing, singing tenderly  
From song of sympathy—  
Should he pause, if you were he?

**BICYCLE MAIL CARRIERS.**

The Silent Steed to Be Recognized by the Post Office Department.

A new field is about to be opened to the wheelmen of the United States—and the wheelwomen, too, if they desire to enter it. For years, in some cities, the bicycle has been employed by carriers to deliver letters from house to house "within the limits." Now, according to Assistant Superintendent Jackson, of Uncle Sam's postal service, "star route" contracts are to be thrown open to bicyclists, as well as to horsemen and stage drivers.

"All the department requires," said Superintendent Jackson, "is that the carrier shall arrive and depart at stated times, from each post office. We believe that in many cases and on many routes, better service can be got from the bicycle than from any other vehicle, and there is no reason why riders should not be asked to compete for contracts to be let for carrying the mail between towns not reached by railroads. As bicycle riders can make better time over roads they can use at all than stage drivers or horsemen, the wheel will be given the preference, all other things being equal. Of course, this decision would not have been made but for the fact that the delivery of the mail by bicycle in cities has been entirely satisfactory."

Whether many bicyclists can be induced to take up the business of the carrying of mail is, however, an open question, since the pay of "star route" carriers is small, and the carrier is obliged to go over his route at specified times, no matter what difficulties are in the way, and, regardless of the weather, or the state of the roads. Obviously, bicycle mail carrying cannot be made a success except in the summer time, in the country districts of the northern states. In the fall and spring the roads there are liable to be bottomless quagmires, and in the winter to be blocked with snow. In those western regions, where the pony mail service has hitherto been employed it is hardly likely that the bicycle could be used advantageously at any time of the year, for there the roads are often mere trails.

A week is the longest interval elapsing in any instance between mail deliveries. Some star route riders make two trips a day. The route between Bolton Landing and Lake George, N. Y., a distance of 9 1/2 miles, is covered six times a week, the schedule time between stations being three hours. The holder of this contract must file a bond of \$600, signed by two sureties, and the compensation is \$150 a year. The route from Ganett to Johnsonburg, N. Y., is 7 1/2 miles long, and the trip is made three times a week, the schedule time between the stations being two hours. In this case the carrier files a guarantee bond of \$300, and receives the municipal salary of \$97.50.

At the present time nearly all the routes similar to these two are covered by stage drivers, who are able to supplement the scanty pay received for carrying the mail by fees from chance passengers.

**Bicycle Stable for Scholars.**

There is "food for thought" in the announcement that in the new high school building in Detroit a room has been set apart that will accommodate not less than 300 bicycles. The idea is not a new one, but this is believed to be the first time that distinct arrangements for the accommodation of cyclists have been made in the plans for a school building. Public schools generally do not need to provide bicycle rooms, as the pupils live near them, but such rooms are a necessity in the case of high schools and private schools that draw pupils from a large area. School authorities are beginning to appreciate this fact, although some of the conservatives are slow to accept a new idea that seems to verge on the revolutionary.

**The Wheel in the River.**

Cycling has become very popular on the Riverbank all classes of society, and the trade in cycles has been greatly developed. The British consul at Nice states that up to the present the maximum number of cycles imported into France has been 10,000. The French government is now considering the possibility of imposing a duty on the importation of cycles.

**PERSONAL MENTION.**

Mrs. K. Harwood is in Chicago today.

Harley Armstrong went to Chicago yesterday.

Miss Bertha Randall will leave today on a visit to Philadelphia.

Miss Clara Shoff, of Danville, is the guest of Mrs. W. F. Colladay.

Dr. W. M. Catto was in Taylorville last night on professional business.

Miss Lillian Chadee arrived home this morning from St. Louis where she has been visiting friends.

Superintendent George Graves, of the I. D. & W., was here to-day from Indianapolis.

Lucien Shellabarger left this morning for Orange, N. J., where he will join his wife, who is visiting her parents at that place.

Miss Grace Marquis, who has been in the city visiting Dr. and Mrs. Lee, returned this morning to her home in Monticello.

Earle Seiberling has taken a position in Broderick's candy store for the holidays.

H. L. Oldham went to Chicago this morning to see the foot ball game between the Carlyle Indians and the University of Wisconsin.

E. J. Strader will leave to-night for Lansing, Mich., on business. He will be absent until next Thursday afternoon.

Charles Chamberlain will go to Farmington City this evening to stay over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Hall, of Kosciusko, Wis., are in the city. They will spend the winter in California. Mr. Hall is now out of the newspaper business.

Charles C. Carter, who has been visiting his daughter, Miss Cora Carter, of this city, left last night for his home in Toledo, O., after an extended trip through the south.

Miss Bonnie Bartholomew, who attends the Monticello Seminary at Godfrey, Ill., is home to spend the vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Bartholomew.

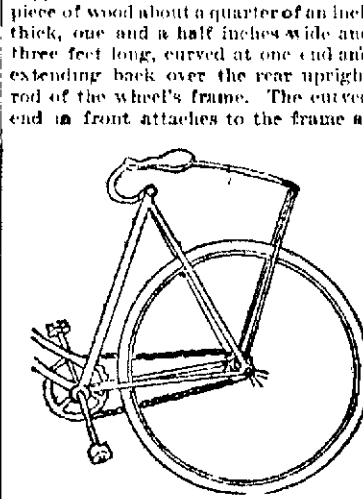
Miss Nonette Staro, who attends the Armour Institute at Chicago, will be home for the vacation.

Dean Cool, James Johnson, Cecil Jack, and Misses Cora and Lida Martin, who have been attending the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, will be home to-morrow to spend the Christmas vacation with their parents in this city.

**IMPROVED SADDLES.**

Some Promising Inventions Which Have Been Exhibited Recently.

Every wheel manufacturer is constantly on the lookout for a saddle which has no equal in perfection. It must be admitted that, notwithstanding constant endeavor in this direction, little progress has been made, and small hope is held forth that the saddle of 1907 will give anything like universal satisfaction. One of the latest inventions is in the way of a firm and easy support for the saddle. It consists of a piece of wood about a quarter of an inch thick, one and a half inches wide and three feet long, curved at one end and extending back over the rear upright rod of the wheel's frame. The curved end in front attaches to the frame at



the point where the saddle post usually enters and the other end is supported on either side by a rod which fastens at the hub. The saddle that is used with this device is of leather, and is small and without springs. It is secured to the wooden arm in such a way that it may be moved back or forward at will, and its shank may be lowered or raised by sliding it toward or away from the curved end of the support. When the arrangement is in use only the rear part of it is supposed to be visible. It is especially designed for women's wheels, but may with little difficulty be attached to any bicycle.

Another new style of saddle is made by an upholsterer in New York. The outside is wholly of leather, and every part of it yields to a slight pressure. In this invention is illustrated the idea of avoiding a needlessly long point to saddles. The seat is very broad at the back and its point is intended to be no longer and no higher than is necessary to prevent lateral motion of the rider's body.—Chicago Chronicle.

**Wood Frames Displacing Steel.**

The surprising displacement of steel rims by wooden ones has led manufacturers to experiment with wooden frames. One company has put out 1,000 of their wood-frame cycles, in which the "diamond" is a single laminated structure of hickory strips, one-eighth inch thick, laid up in waterproof cement. These frames are claimed to be both lighter and stronger than steel ones. There are in all about five companies in the United States which make wooden-framed wheels, and one company at Trenton makes a rattan-frame machine. In regard to the employment of wood in the construction of wheels, although it is well known that wooden rims are liable to warp, the best-informed authorities are of the opinion that its real rival, for this purpose at least, must be looked for, not in steel, but in some other fibrous material, perhaps a manilla paper.

**Bicycles in Japan.**

A company for the manufacture of cycles is being projected in Japan.

**County Court News.**

In the assumpsit case of William M. Lewis et al vs. S. A. Crossman, suit to recover commission on the sale of a farm of 240 acres, amounting to \$800, the jury gave the plaintiff a verdict for \$975.

In the case of Baughn et al vs. C. W. Utley, a judgment against defendants by default was entered. Amount \$100.

Judge Baughn stated that he will begin his term on the People's Court next Monday.

**SUNDAY SERVICES.**

**CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**  
Rev. A. W. Hawkins, pastor. Services in A. T. U. hall. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning theme, "Christ the Desire of All Nations." Evening, "The Lord's Arm Made Bare." Endeavor service at 8:30 p. m.

**UNITED BRETHREN IN CHRIST CHURCH.**  
The Centenary U. B. church, corner of N. Broadway and Eldorado streets. M. B. Spady, pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Joseph McMillan, supt. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. J. A. F. King. Quarterly Conference Communion. Morning subject, "Pentecostal Power." Evening, "The Great Advocate." Lovefeast at 8:30 p. m.

**CHRISTIAN UNION CHURCH.**  
Corner North Water and East North streets. Rev. D. K. MacGregor, pastor. Residence, 450 N. College street. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. No preaching to-morrow, owing to illness in the family of the pastor. Other services as usual. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

**SERVICEN AT EAST PARK CHAPEL.**  
Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. J. Edward Saxton, superintendent. Those in the vicinity of the Chapel are cordially invited.

**FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**  
W. H. Pennington, D. D., pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. A. H. Mills, supt. Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor will preach both morning and evening. Morning theme, "The World's Desideratum." In the evening, "What is Decatur Doing for Christianity?" Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Strangers and others not worshipping elsewhere are cordially invited.

**COLLEGE STREET CHAPEL.**  
Sunday school at 10:15 a. m. W. D. Wells, supt. WESTMINSTER CHAPEL.  
Corner of Mason street and Haworth avenue. Sunday school at 2:15 p. m. P. F. Laughlin, supt.

**CHRISTIAN TABERNACLE.**  
Church street, between Eldorado and North. Sunday school at 10:30 a. m. W. C. Smith, supt. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. by Rev. Geo. F. Hall. Morning subject, "Rebuilding the Ruined Third Step." Music by the Big Chorus and Male Choir. Revival services every evening during the week. Riverside Mission school at 8:30 p. m.

**GRACE M. E. CHURCH.**  
Dr. W. F. Gilmore, D. D., pastor. Class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Go work, to-day, in my vineyard." Evening, "I restored that which I took not away." Exhortation at 6:30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Monday evening.

**ST. PETER'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.**  
Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. Wm. Price, supt. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "The Promise to Simon Peter." Evening, "The Great Supper." Rev. P. C. Cooper, Pastor.

**CHRISTIAN UNION MISSION.**  
Services at W. C. T. U. hall. W. A. Gable, the saved Indian, will give an address on "The Original Indian School" at 2:30 p. m. Strangers and christians invited to co-operate. Sunday school at 3 p. m. W. T. Beaudry, supt. You are cordially invited to come and teach and learn of God's word.

**SAINT JOHN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.**  
Rev. Frank W. Allen, pastor. Holy Communion at 7 a. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Morning Prayer, and sermon at 10:30 a. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Organ Recital immediately after evening service.

**ALL ANGELS' CHURCH.**  
East Eldorado street, W. Bedford-Jones priest in charge. Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Evening service and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

**FIRST M. E. CHURCH.**  
Rev. D. F. Howe, pastor. Class meeting at 9 a. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Morning theme, "The World's Pilgrimage to a Stable." Christmas sermon. Evening theme, "The Greatest Christmas Gift Ever Made." Christmas sermon. Endeavor service at 6:15 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to the general public and to all not worshipping elsewhere.

**SABRAFA'S CHAPEL.**  
Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Class meeting at 8:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

Corner of North Water and Curro (Gordo) streets. J. Bernard, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning theme, "The Inn or the Stable? Which?" Evening theme, "Celestial Visitors." Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. W. L. Huff, supt. Y. P. S. C. E. at 8:30 p. m.

**CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST.**  
Lesson-sermon from the Bible, and "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures." at 10:30 a. m. subject, "The Birth of Jesus." Friday evening meeting at 7:15. Front Rooms, second floor, Revlon Building.

**FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH.**  
Corner West William and Edward streets. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m. F. P. Howard, supt. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Edward F. Comperwhite of Chicago. Morning subject, "The Divine Indebtedness." Evening, "The Manner of 'Coming.'" All seats free. Those not worshipping elsewhere cordially invited.

Leiland Avenue Sunday School at 9 a. m.

**FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**  
Corner of North Main and William streets. Rev. Frank C. Oberly, pastor. Sunday School at 9:15 a. m. Dr. N. D. Myers, supt. Regular services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Repentance First; Then Adoration of the Child Jesus." Evening subject, "God's Guidance of the Christian." A cordial welcome extended to all to worship with the congregation.

**REV. L. K. LUDWIG'S CHAPEL.**  
Corner Leiland Ave. and Charles St. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.

**Slaughter sale of fine pictures at Library Art Store.** 19-06

What We All Are Last Christmas

Won't do us any good this year and as a consequence we must order something to satisfy our epicurean taste for this Christmas. Such as a nice fat goose, duck or turkey, spring fry and broiler; game of any description that can be brought to the market. Also fine line of vegetables and fruits to be had of the house over ready to meet the wants of the trade. Pearl Oyster and Fish Co., 243 North Main street, telephone 344.

**Assignee's sale of fine art goods at Library Art Store.** 19-06

The rifle range of Company G has been located at Bailey's lake near Pekin. It will be 1000 yards and begins at the east line of the road, opposite the powder house. The target will be erected at the base of the hill, a little to the southeast.

Diphtheria is raging in Dillon township, Tazewell county. There have been several deaths and the schools are closed.

J. W. Ford died at Urbana Sunday from heart failure, aged 85. He was a farmer and horse importer.

C. J. Molahn, formerly of Champaign, is now trainmaster of the Chicago suburban railway company.

**MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.**

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 19, 1906.

The REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. Z. Taylor, dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondence in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis for the following market quotations:

	Open- ing.	High- est.	Low- est.	Clos- ing.
Wheat—				
December.....	80 1/2	80 3/4	79 3/4	79 3/4
May.....	81 1/2	81 3/4	80 3/4	80 3/4
June.....	82 1/2	82 3/4	81 3/4	81 3/4
July.....	83 1/2	83 3/4	82 3/4	82 3/4
August.....	84 1/2	84 3/4	83 3/4	83 3/4
September.....	85 1/2	85 3/4	84 3/4	84 3/4
October.....	86 1/2	86 3/4	85 3/4	85 3/4
November.....	87 1/2	87 3/4	86 3/4	86 3/4
December.....	88 1/2	88 3/4	87 3/4	87 3/4
May.....	89 1/2	89 3/4	88 3/4	88 3/4
June.....	90 1/2	90 3/4	89 3/4	89 3/4
July.....	91 1/2	91 3/4	90 3/4	90 3/4
August.....	92 1/2	92 3/4	91 3/4	91 3/4
September.....	93 1/2	93 3/4	92 3/4	92 3/4
October.....	94 1/2	94 3/4	93 3/4	93 3/4
November.....	95 1/2	95 3/4	94 3/4	94 3/4
December.....	96 1/2	96 3/4	95 3/4	95 3/4
May.....	97 1/2	97 3/4	96 3/4	96 3/4
June.....	98 1/2	98 3/4	97 3/4	97 3/4
July.....	99 1/2	99 3/4	98 3/4	98 3/4
August.....	100 1/2	100 3/4	99 3/4	99 3/4
September.....	101 1/2	101 3/4	100 3/4	100 3/4
October.....	102 1/2	102 3/4	101 3/4	101 3/4
November.....	103 1/2	103 3/4	102 3/4	102 3/4
December.....	104 1/2	104 3/4	103 3/4	103 3/4
May.....	105 1/2	105 3/4	104 3/4	104 3/4
June.....	106 1/2	106 3/4	105 3/4	105 3/4
July.....	107 1/2	107 3/4	106 3/4	106 3/4
August.....	108 1/2	108 3/4	107 3/4	107 3/4
September.....	109 1/2	109 3/4	108 3/4	108 3/4
October.....	110 1/2	110 3/4	109 3/4	109 3/4
November.....	111 1/2	111 3/4	110 3/4	110 3/4
December.....	112 1/2	112 3/4	111 3/4	111 3/4
May.....	113 1/2	113 3/4	112 3/4	112 3/4
June.....	114 1/2	114 3/4	113 3/4	113 3/4
July.....	115 1/2	115 3/4	114 3/4	114 3/4
August.....	116 1/2	116 3/4	115 3/4	115 3/4
September.....	117 1/2	117 3/4	116 3/4	116 3/4
October.....	118 1/2	118 3/4	117 3/4	117 3/4
November.....	119 1/2	119 3/4	118 3/4	118 3/4
December.....	120 1/2	120 3/4	119 3/4	119 3/4
May.....	121 1/2	121 3/4	120 3/4	120 3/4
June.....	122 1/2	122 3/4	121 3/4	121 3/4
July.....	123 1/2	123 3/4	122 3/4	122 3/4
August.....	124 1/2	124 3/4	123 3/4	123 3/4
September.....	125 1/2	125 3/4	124 3/4	124 3/4
October.....	126 1/2	126 3/4	125 3/4	125 3/4
November.....	127 1/2	127 3/4	126 3/4	126 3/4
December.....	128 1/2	128 3/4	127 3/4	127 3/4
May.....	129 1/2	129 3/4	128 3/4	128 3/4
June.....	130 1/2	130 3/4	129 3/4	129 3/4
July.....	131 1/2	131 3/4	130 3/4	130 3/4
August.....	132 1/2	132 3/4	131 3/4	131 3/4
September.....	133 1/2	133 3/4	132 3/4	132 3/4
October.....	134 1/2	134 3/4	133 3/4	133 3/4
November.....	135 1/2	135 3/4	134 3/4	134 3/4
December.....	136 1/2	136 3/4	135 3/4	135 3/4
May.....	137 1/2	137 3/4	136 3/4	136 3/4
June.....	138 1/2	138 3/4	137 3/4	137 3/4
July.....	139 1/2	139 3/4	138 3/4	138 3/4
August.....	140 1/2	140 3/4	139 3/4	139 3/4
September.....	141 1/2	141 3/4	140 3/4	140 3/4
October.....	142 1/2	142 3/4	141 3/4	141 3/4
November.....	143 1/2	143 3/4	142 3/4	142 3/4
December.....	144 1/2	144 3/4	143 3/4	143 3/4
May.....	145 1/2	145 3/4	144 3/4	144 3/4
June.....	146 1/2	146 3/4	145 3/4	145 3/4
July.....	147 1/2	147 3/4	146 3/4	146 3/4
August.....	148 1/2	148 3/4	147 3/4	147 3/4
September.....	149 1/2	149 3/4	148 3/4	148 3/4
October.....	150 1/2	150 3/4	149 3/4	149 3/4
November.....	151 1/2	151 3/4	150 3/4	150 3/4
December.....	152 1/2	152 3/4	151 3/4	151 3/4
May.....	153 1/2	153 3/4	152 3/4	152 3/4
June.....	154 1/2	154 3/4	153 3/4	153 3/4
July.....	155 1/2	155 3/4	154 3/4	154 3/4
August.....	156 1/2	156 3/4	155 3/4	155 3/4
September.....	157 1/2	157 3/4	156 3/4	156 3/4
October.....	158 1/2	158 3/4	157 3/4	157 3/4
November.....	159 1/2	159 3/4	158 3/4	158 3/4
December.....	160 1/2	160 3/4	159 3/4	159 3/4
May.....	161 1/2	161 3/4	160 3/4	160 3/4
June.....	162 1/2	162 3/4	161 3/4	161 3/4
July.....	163 1/2	163 3/4	162 3/4	162 3/4
August.....	164 1/2	164 3/4	163 3/4	163 3/4
September.....	165 1/2	165 3/4	164 3/4	164 3/4
October.....	166 1/2	166 3/4	165 3/4	165 3/4
November.....	167 1/2	167 3/4	166 3/4	166 3/4
December.....	168 1/2	168 3/4	167 3/4	167 3/4
May.....	169 1/2	169 3/4	168 3/4	168 3/4
June.....	170 1/2	170 3/4	169 3/4	169 3/4
July.....	171 1/2	171 3/4	170 3/4	170 3/4
August.....	172 1/2	172 3/4	171 3/4	171 3/4
September.....	173 1/2	173 3/4	172 3/4	172 3/4
October.....	174 1/2	174 3/4	173 3/4	173 3/4
November.....	175 1/2	175 3/4	174 3/4	174 3/4
December.....	176 1/2	176 3/4	175 3/4	175 3/4
May.....	177 1/2	177 3/4	176 3/4	176 3/4
June.....	178 1/2	178 3/4	177 3/4	177 3/4
July.....	179 1/2	179 3/4	178 3/4	178 3/4
August.....	180 1/2	180 3		





RINGS

# 5,000 SOLID GOLD ..Rings..

Bought of a Retired  
Manufacturer at  
Our Own Price.

The Finest and Largest  
line ever shown in this  
part of the country.

You will be surprised  
when you see how low  
our prices are.

Every Ring Solid Gold  
and Warranted.

**H. POST & SON,**  
158 Merchant St.

RINGS



RINGS



RINGS



RINGS



RINGS



## AN AMUSING DEVICE.

How Any Height Boy Can Construct a Toy Locust.

It is a very easy matter to make a locust, that is a toy that will closely imitate the sound made by a locust, and the materials needed are very simple. Any boy or girl can construct one with a little skill and patience, and it will furnish much amusement.

To begin with, find a small tin box about two inches in diameter and two inches high—about the size of a pepper or spice box, or a small baking powder can will do. Remove the top and bot-

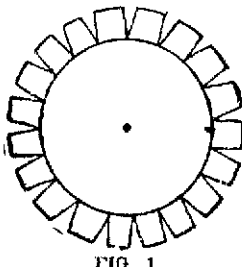


FIG 1

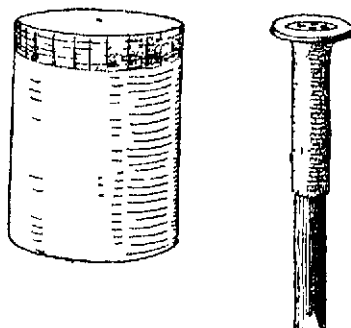
tom, leaving only the cylindrical portion, which should be securely fastened by a lap joint seam running its entire length.

At a stationery store obtain a small piece of thin parchment and with a compass describe upon it a circle having the same diameter as the box, and half an inch outside of this draw another. Then with a sharp pair of scissors cut out small pieces of the parchment all around the edge between the lines as shown in Fig 1.

Sink the parchment in warm water for a few minutes then stretch and pine it fast to one end of the cylinder, lashing the glued ends down with linen thread wound tightly around the box over the ends as shown in Fig 2.

The threads help the glue in keeping the parchment firmly fastened to the tin and relieve the glued ends from excessive strain. When the parchment is dry it will be tightly stretched like the head of a drum. The outer part of the can may then be covered with some colored paper securely fastened on with glue. This will hide the tin and improve the appearance of this part of the locust.

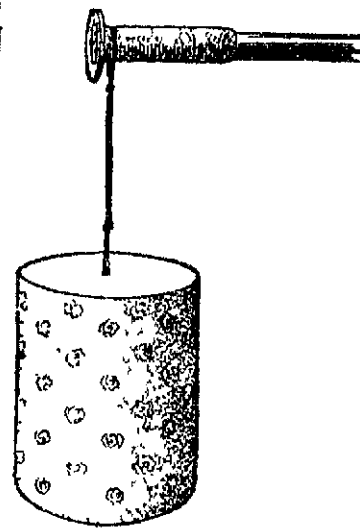
Next whittle out a round stick six inches long and a quarter of an inch



FIGS 2 AND 3

in thickness, to the end fasten a small bone button with two or three aluminum wire nails, as shown in Fig 3. Mix together a piece of resin and a piece of sealing wax one quarter the size of the resin lump, they may be placed in the cover of the box and held over a lighted candle. Then work the melted resin around the stick to an inch or so from the end where the button is fastened so that it will appear as though a locust.

Now obtain several strong horse hairs, and form a loop at one end of them by tying a knot three-quarters of an inch from the end. This loop is to slip over the rimmed end of the stick, and will be prevented from working off by the button. The other ends of the horse hair are to be passed through a small hole made in the center of the parchment head, and through a small button or piece of cardboard, the ends being tied in a large knot to prevent their pulling through again. The tin



THE LOCUST

boxed locust will then appear as in the illustration.

To make it sing grasp the stick in one hand and swing the cylinder about it. This will cause it to give out a sound similar to that produced by a large locust in full flight, and the faster it is revolved the louder it will sing.

The sound is produced by the friction of the horse hair against the resin on the stick transmitted to the tightly stretched parchment and augmented by its vibration. The tin is merely due to the centrifugal force of the tin box as it is briefly swung through the air.

A large locust can be made from a can five or six inches high, swung from the end of a stick two feet long, but in this case the stick must be held in both hands. Such a locust however, should only be used out of doors, as the noise would be deafening in the house.

J. HARTY ADAMS

**Greatness and Strength.**  
Who says I will to what is right,  
I will to what is wrong,  
Although a tender little child  
Is truly great and strong.

Books at cut prices at Saxton's book store.

**For Paranoia.**  
Dr. J. C. Bishop, of Agnew, Mich., says: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in three very severe cases of pneumonia the past month, with good results." Nessler Drug and Supply Co. and N. L. Krone.

McKinley's official plurality in Minnesota is 51,708.

Scaly eruptions on the head, chapped hands and lips, cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, are quickly cured by De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is at present the article most used for piles and it always cures them. A. J. Stoner & Son and Armstrong Bros.

## THE CYCLE INDUSTRY.

It Now Gives Employment to 150,000 American Workmen.

The history of the bicycle industry in the states is in many respects the most remarkable industrial record of the country. Prior to 1885 the number of domestic manufacturers of wheels was only six, and in that year 11,000 machines were turned out. In 1890 there were 17 factories, with an output of 40,000 cycles. In 1894 the number of factories increased at a rapid rate, and 125,000 machines were made. In 1895 the production bounded up to 600,000, and the number of manufacturers was more than 500, counting none which turned out less than 1,000 machines a year. The capital invested in these larger factories is placed at \$90,000,000, and the lowest estimate of the output of the present year is 1,000,000 completed bicycles, worth \$60,000,000. The capital invested in the manufacture of bicycles is about \$125,000,000, and 150,000 people are employed in designing, making and selling the various products appertaining to them. No complete cycles are now imported into the United States and the American manufacturers, in the half year ended June 30, 1896, exported cycles and parts worth \$1,054,291, or nearly seven times the amount sent abroad in the previous half year. Nearly half of this export has gone to England, and it is now said that American makers actually stand a chance of capturing the English market. If the American manufacturers will build a somewhat stronger machine fitted with gear cases and mudguards, it is looked upon as more than probable that from 40,000 to 50,000 American cycles will be sold in England in 1897. In 1895 the best bicycles were selling at \$140, now the same quality of machine—perhaps much better—sells at \$100. More than 1,000,000 bicycles are in use in the United States, in other words, one person out of every twenty-four has taken to the wheel. In France, the proportion is only one in two hundred and fifty. The wheel is unquestionably going to revolutionize the roads of the country. It has reduced and in some places practically put an end to the demand for horses and carriages, besides affecting the income of street railway lines and livery stables. In the first two weeks of July the railroads running out of New York carried 75,000 bicycles for outgoing passengers.

### When

You can buy 35c doll for 20c. It will pay you to come to our house to buy it.  
F. D. Bartholomew Co.

### Girls' Books.

By Carey, Meade, Young and other best writers regular \$1 books for 50c at Saxton's Book Store.

### For Kidney Troubles

there is nothing better than Foley's Kidney Cure. Everyone who tries it will agree to this. Nessler Drug and Supply Co. and N. L. Krone.

Five boys recently bitten by a mad dog at Baltimore were discharged by the Pasteur Institute as cured.

Soothing and not irritating, strength giving and not weakening, small but effective such are the qualities of De Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. A. J. Stoner & Son and Armstrong Bros.

# For— Christmas

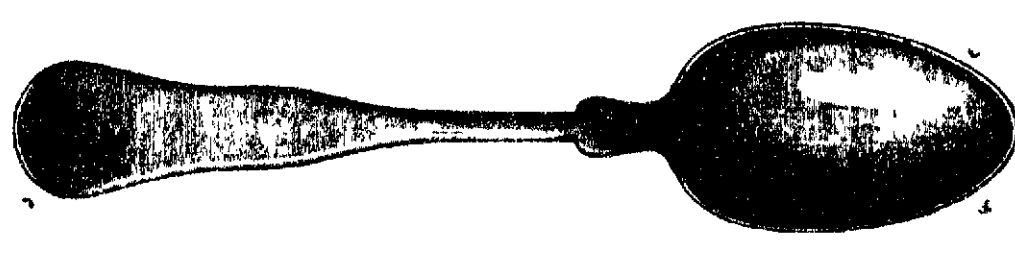
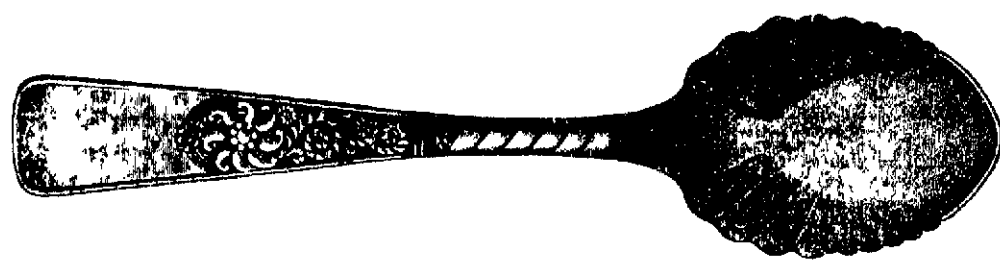
A Nice Overcoat or Suit  
makes a very acceptable gift. Neckwear,  
Mufflers and Jewelry  
are also inexpensive.

If you are in doubt as to what  
to purchase, come to us and let  
us help you solve the problem.

**B. STINE  
CLOTHING CO.,**

245-249 NORTH WATER ST.

NEXT TO BRADLEY BROS.



# ROGERS BROS.' Knives, Forks and Spoons!

....None Genuine Without "1847" Stamped Upon Them....

These "1847" Rogers Bros.' make is the old original brand of Silver Plated Knives, Forks and Spoons, and cost more in the market than any Rogers make. Please do not confound it with Wm. Rogers, Rogers & Brother, or any other Rogers, without the "1847" Rogers Bros.' trade mark stamped upon them. There are twenty imitations, all of which use the word "Rogers" in some shape, but none but the genuine dare use "1847" Rogers Bros.

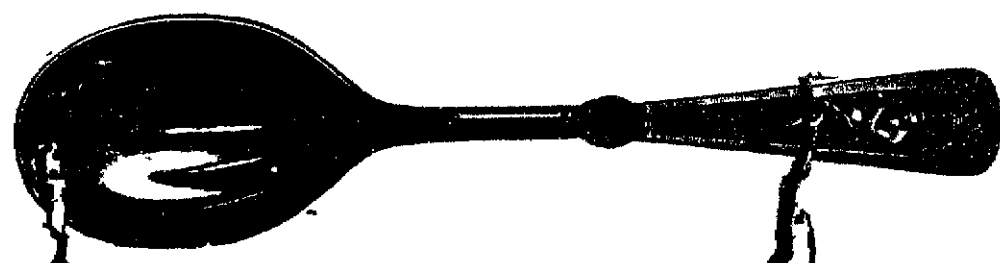
You should get our prices on SOLID SILVER SPOONS. We are showing a  
VERY FINE LINE AT VERY LOW PRICES.

We Claim to be Headquarters on DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

Our SECOND FLOOR CHINA DEPARTMENT is second to none in the State and we are showing Dinner Ware and Toilet Ware in a very large variety of patterns, and at prices equal to corn at 15 cents a bushel.

Our House has been established  
Over Twenty Years at  
156 East Main Street.

**OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.**



Received: 5/12/2004



**Condensed Testimony.**  
Charles B. Hood, Broker and In-  
surance Agent, Columbus, Ohio,  
testifies that Dr. King's New Dis-  
covey has no equal as a cough remedy.  
Brown, proprietor St. James Hotel,  
Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was  
of a cough of two years' standing,  
which was cured by Dr. King's New  
Discoery. B. F. Merrill, Hardware  
Store, says that he has used and  
recommended it and never knew  
would rather have it than any  
cough medicine always cured.  
J. H. Smith, 1203 Chest street, Colu-  
mbus, Ohio, says that he has used  
it for years because it instantly  
cures a cough's drug store.



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